

4.3 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognised when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. All financial assets and liabilities other than at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are charged to profit or loss for the year. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is included in profit or loss for the year.

4.4 Investments

The Investments of the Company determines the appropriate classification of its investment at the time of purchase or increase in holding and classifies its investment through profit or loss, available for sale, held to maturity, loans and receivables. The classification depends on purpose for which the investment were acquired.

All investments are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of consideration given including transaction cost associated with the investment except in the case of fair value through profit or loss investments where transaction costs are charged to the profit and loss account when incurred.

4.4.1 Investment available for sale

These are initially measured at their fair value plus directly attributable transaction cost and at subsequent reporting dates measured at fair values and gains or losses from changes in fair values other than impairment loss are recognised in other comprehensive income until disposal at which time these are recycled to profit or loss. Impairment loss on investments available for sale is recognised in the profit or loss.

4.4.2 Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Investments which are acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or the investments that are part of a portfolio of financial instruments exhibiting short term profit taking, are classified as fair value through profit or loss and designated as such upon initial recognition. These are stated at fair values with any resulting gains or losses recognized directly in profit or loss.

4.5 Impairment

The carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed regularly to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If any such indication exists, recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Impairment loss is charged to profit and loss account.

4.6 Non Current Assets

Owned assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises acquisition and other directly attributable costs. Depreciation is provided on reducing balance method over the estimated useful lives of the assets at rates specified in note 8 to the financial statements.

